

2015 No. 1899

OVERSEAS TERRITORIES

The Liberia (Sanctions) (Overseas Territories) Order 2015

(Legal Notice 66 of 2015)

| | | |
|------------------------|---------|--------------------|
| Made | - - - - | 11th November 2015 |
| Laid before Parliament | | 18th November 2015 |
| Coming into force | - - | 10th December 2015 |

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 11th day of November 2015

Present,

The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council

Under Article 41 of the Charter of the United Nations the Security Council of the United Nations has, by a resolution adopted on 2nd September 2015, called upon Her Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom to apply certain measures to give effect to decisions of that Council in relation to Liberia:

Her Majesty, in exercise of the powers conferred on Her by section 1 of the United Nations Act 1946(a), section 112 of the Saint Helena Act 1833(b), the British Settlements Acts 1887 and 1945(c), and all of the other powers enabling Her to do so, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order as follows:

Citation, commencement, extent and revocation

1.—(1) This Order may be cited as the Liberia (Sanctions) (Overseas Territories) Order 2015.

(2) It comes into force on 10th December 2015.

(3) It extends to the territories listed in Schedule 1.

(4) The Liberia (Restrictive Measures) (Overseas Territories) (Amendment) Order 2012(d), the Liberia (Restrictive Measures) (Overseas Territories) (Amendment No. 2) Order 2007(e), the Liberia (Restrictive Measures) (Overseas Territories) (Amendment) Order 2007(f), the Liberia (Restrictive Measures) (Overseas Territories) (Amendment) Order 2004(g) and the Liberia (Restrictive Measures) (Overseas Territories) Order 2004(h) are revoked.

(a) 1946 c.45.

(b) 1833 c.85.

(c) 1887 c.54 and 1945 c.7.

(d) S.I. 2012/2749. In accordance with section 17 of the Interpretation Act 1978 (c.30), any licence granted under S.I. 2004/347 which was in effect immediately before the coming into force of this Order will continue to have effect as if it were a licence granted under this Order.

(e) S.I. 2007/2138.

(f) S.I. 2007/284.

(g) S.I. 2004/1112.

(h) S.I. 2004/347.

Application of the Order

2.—(1) This Order applies to—

- (a) any person in the Territory,
- (b) any person elsewhere who is—
 - (i) a British citizen, a British overseas territories citizen, a British Overseas citizen, a British subject, a British National (Overseas) or a British protected person and is ordinarily resident in the Territory, or
 - (ii) a body incorporated or constituted under the law of any part of the Territory, and
- (c) any person onboard a ship or aircraft that is registered in the Territory.

(2) Article 4(2) and Schedule 3 also apply to any relevant person mentioned in those provisions (and for this purpose “relevant person” has the meaning given in article 4(4) and 4(5)).

(3) Article 12 (penalties) applies to the Sovereign Base Areas of Akrotiri and Dhekelia in the Island of Cyprus, the Falkland Islands, South Georgia and the South Sandwich Islands, and St Helena, Ascension and Tristan de Cuhna as set out in Schedule 2.

(4) In the application of this Order to any territory listed in Schedule 1, the expression “the Territory” in this Order means that territory.

Interpretation

3.—(1) In this Order, unless otherwise provided—

“aircraft” means a fixed wing, swivel wing, rotary wing, tilt rotor or tilt wing airborne vehicle or helicopter;

“assistance” means any form of assistance, including advice, training, technical assistance, financing and financial assistance, investment services, brokering services or other services, and the transfer of financial resources and services;

“brokering services” means—

- (a) the negotiation or arrangement of transactions for the purchase, sale or supply of goods and technology or of financial and technical services, including from a third country to any other third country, or
- (b) the selling or buying of goods and technology or of financial and technical services, including where they are located in third countries for their transfer to another third country;

“commander”, in relation to an aircraft, means the member of the flight crew designated as commander of the aircraft by the operator of the aircraft, or, if there is no operator, the person who is for the time being the pilot in command of the aircraft;

“the Council Regulation” means Council Regulation (EU) No. 2015/1776 adopted by the Council of the European Union on 5th October 2015(a) concerning restrictive measures in respect of Liberia;

“document” includes information recorded in any form, and in relation to information recorded otherwise than in legible form, references to its production include references to producing a copy of the information in legible form;

“export” includes shipment as stores;

“Governor” means the Governor or other officer administering the Government of the Territory;

“master”, in relation to a ship, includes any persons for the time being in charge of the ship;

“officer”, in relation to a body corporate, means a director, manager, secretary or other similar officer of the body corporate or any person who has purported to act in any such capacity;

(a) O.J. L.259 6.10.2015.

“operator”, in relation to an aircraft or vehicle, means the person for the time being having the management of the aircraft or vehicle;

“owner”, in relation to a ship, where the owner is not the operator, means the operator and any person to whom it is chartered;

“restricted goods” means—

- (a) the goods, software and technology specified in Schedule 2 to the Export Control Order 2008(a), and
- (b) so far as not covered by paragraph (a), the goods, software and technology specified in the Common Military List of the European Union(b) as amended from time to time;

“ship” includes every description of vessel used in navigation;

“shipment” includes loading into an aircraft;

“stores” means goods for use in a ship or aircraft and includes fuel and spare parts and other articles of equipment, whether or not for immediate fitting, but excludes any goods for use in a ship or aircraft as merchandise for sale by retail to persons carried in them;

“technical assistance” means any technical support related to repairs, development, manufacture, assembly, testing, maintenance, or any other technical service, and may take forms such as instruction, advice, training, transmission of working knowledge or skills or consulting services, including verbal forms of assistance;

“the Territory” has the meaning given in article 2(4);

“vehicle” means land transport vehicle.

(2) An expression used both in this Order and in the Council Regulation has the meaning given in the Council Regulation.

(3) A reference in this Order to any enactment (including legislation of the European Union) or statutory instrument is to be construed as a reference to that enactment or instrument as amended from time to time.

PART 1

Restricted goods etc.

Providing or carrying restricted goods

4.—(1) It is an offence for a person to knowingly sell, supply, transfer or export (directly or indirectly) restricted goods—

- (a) to any non-governmental person in Liberia, or
- (b) for use by any non-governmental person in Liberia.

(2) It is an offence for a relevant person to knowingly use a ship, aircraft or vehicle falling within paragraph (3) for the carriage of restricted goods if the carriage is, or forms part of, carriage from any place outside Liberia to any non-governmental person in Liberia.

(3) The following fall within this paragraph—

- (a) a ship, aircraft or vehicle within the Territory,
- (b) a ship or aircraft registered in the Territory, or
- (c) any other ship or aircraft that is for the time being chartered to a person mentioned in article 2(1)(a) or (b).

(a) S.I. 2008/3231.

(b) O.J. C. 129 21.4.2015, p.1.

(4) A “relevant person”, in relation to a ship, aircraft or vehicle falling within paragraph (5)(a) or (b), means—

- (a) the owner or master of the ship,
- (b) the charterer, operator or commander of the aircraft, or
- (c) the driver or operator of the vehicle.

(5) A “relevant person”, in relation to a ship or aircraft falling within paragraph (5)(c) means—

- (a) the charterer of the ship or aircraft, or
- (b) the master of the ship, or operator of the aircraft, if the master or operator is a person mentioned in article 2(1)(a) or (b).

(6) Paragraph (3) or (4) is without prejudice to any other provision of law prohibiting or restricting the use of ships, aircraft or vehicles.

(7) This article is subject to articles 6 and 7.

Providing assistance related to military activities

5.—(1) It is an offence for a person to knowingly provide (directly or indirectly) assistance relating to military activities—

- (a) to any non-governmental person in Liberia, or
- (b) for use by any non-governmental person in Liberia.

(2) This article is subject to articles 6 and 7.

PART 2

General

Licences granted by the Governor

6.—(1) The Governor may, with the consent of the Secretary of State, grant a licence authorising an activity that would otherwise be prohibited under article 4 or 5.

(2) A person is not guilty of an offence under article 4 or 5 in respect of anything done by the person under the authority of a licence granted by the Governor.

(3) A licence may, in particular, relate to—

- (a) supplies of arms and related materiel as well as technical training and assistance intended solely for support of or use by the United Nations Mission in Liberia (UNMIL);
- (b) protective clothing, including flak jackets and military helmets, temporarily exported to Liberia by United Nations personnel, representatives of the media and humanitarian and development workers and associated personnel for their personal use only;
- (c) supplies of non-lethal military equipment intended solely for humanitarian or protective use, and related technical assistance and training;

(4) A licence must specify the acts authorised by it and may be—

- (a) general or granted to a category of persons or to a particular person,
- (b) subject to conditions, and
- (c) of indefinite duration or subject to an expiry date.

(5) The Governor may, with the consent of the Secretary of State, vary or revoke a licence at any time.

(6) On the grant, variation or revocation of a licence, the Governor must—

- (a) in the case of a licence granted to a particular person, give written notice of the grant, variation or revocation to that person, and

(b) in the case of a general licence or a licence granted to a category of persons, take such steps as the Governor considers appropriate to publicise the grant, variation or revocation of the licence.

(7) Any notice to be given to a person by the Governor under paragraph (6) may be given—

(a) by posting it to the person's last known address, or

(b) where the person is a body corporate, partnership or unincorporated body other than a partnership, by posting it to the registered or principal office in the Territory of the body or partnership.

(8) Where the Governor does not have an address in the Territory for the person, the Governor must make arrangements for the notice to be given to the person at the first available opportunity.

(9) Failing to comply with any condition in the licence is acting in a way that is not authorised by the licence unless—

(a) the licence was modified after the completion of the act authorised by the licence, and

(b) the alleged failure to comply with a condition in the licence would not have been a failure if the licence had not been so modified.

(10) It is an offence for a person to knowingly or recklessly make any statement or give any document or information which is false in a material particular for the purpose of obtaining a licence.

(11) A licence granted in connection with the application for which the false statement was made or the false document or information given is void from the time it was granted.

Licences granted outside the Territory

7. A person is not guilty of an offence under article 4 or 5 in respect of anything done by the person—

(a) outside the Territory, and

(b) under the authority of a licence granted in accordance with any provisions of the law in force in the place where it is done corresponding to the provisions of this Order.

Requirement to publish list of restricted goods

8.—(1) The Governor must—

(a) publish a list of restricted goods, and

(b) keep the list up to date.

(2) The Governor may publish a list under paragraph (1) in any form the Governor considers appropriate, including by means of a website.

Evidence and information

9. Schedule 3 contains further provision about obtaining evidence and information.

Functions of the Governor

10.—(1) The Governor may, to such extent and subject to such restrictions and conditions as the Governor thinks proper, delegate or authorise the delegation of any of the Governor's functions under this Order to any person, or class or description of persons.

(2) References in this Order to the Governor are to be construed accordingly.

(3) The Governor may by regulations specify in the currency of the Territory the amount which is to be taken as equivalent to sums expressed in sterling in this Order.

Circumvention and contravention of prohibitions

11. It is an offence for a person to intentionally participate in an activity, knowing that the object or effect of the activity is (directly or indirectly)—

- (a) to circumvent any of the prohibitions in articles 4 or 5 or
- (b) to enable or facilitate the contravention of any such prohibition.

Penalties

12.—(1) A person guilty of an offence under article 4, 5 or 11 is liable—

- (a) on conviction on indictment, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding seven years or to a fine or to both; or
- (b) on summary conviction, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to a fine not exceeding £5,000 or its equivalent or to both.

(2) A person guilty of an offence under article 6(10), or paragraph 4(b), (c) or (d) of Schedule 3 is liable—

- (a) on conviction on indictment, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or to a fine or to both; or
- (b) on summary conviction, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to a fine not exceeding £5,000 or its equivalent or to both.

(3) A person guilty of an offence under paragraph 4(a) or 6 of Schedule 3 is liable on summary conviction to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to a fine not exceeding £5,000 or its equivalent or to both.

(4) If an offence under this Order committed by a body corporate is shown—

- (a) to have been committed with the consent or connivance of an officer of the body corporate, or
- (b) to be attributable to any neglect on the part of an officer of the body corporate,

the officer as well as the body corporate is guilty of an offence and is liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly.

Proceedings

13.—(1) Proceedings against a person for an offence may be taken before the appropriate court in the Territory having jurisdiction in the place where that person is for the time being.

(2) Summary proceedings for an offence alleged to have been committed outside the Territory may be instituted within the period of 12 months beginning with the date on which the person charged first enters the Territory after committing the offence.

(3) Proceedings for an offence must not be instituted in the Territory except with the consent of the principal public officer of the Territory responsible for criminal prosecutions.

(4) Nothing in paragraph (3) prevents—

- (a) the arrest, or the issue or execution of a warrant for the arrest, of any person in respect of an offence, or
- (b) the remand in custody or on bail of any person charged with an offence.

(5) A reference in this article to an offence is to an offence under this Order.

Richard Tilbrook
Clerk of the Privy Council

SCHEDULE 1

Article 1(3)

Territories to which this Order extends

Anguilla
British Antarctic Territory
British Indian Ocean Territory
Cayman Islands
Falkland Islands
Montserrat
Pitcairn, Henderson, Ducie and Oeno Islands St
Helena, Ascension and Tristan da Cunha South
Georgia and the South Sandwich Islands
The Sovereign Base Areas of Akrotiri and Dhekelia in the Island of Cyprus
Turks and Caicos Islands
Virgin Islands

SCHEDULE 2

Article 2(3)

Application of Article 12 to particular Territories

Application of article 12 (penalties)

1.—(1) Article 12 applies as follows to the Sovereign Base Areas of Akrotiri and Dhekelia in the Island of Cyprus, the Falkland Islands, South Georgia and the South Sandwich Islands, and St Helena, Ascension and Tristan de Cunha.

(2) A person guilty of an offence under article 4, 5 or 11 is liable on conviction to imprisonment for a term not exceeding seven years or to a fine or to both.

(3) A person guilty of an offence under article 6(10), or paragraph 4(b), (c) or (d) of Schedule 3 is liable on conviction to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or to a fine or to both.

(4) A person guilty of an offence under paragraph 4(a) or 6 of Schedule 3 is liable on conviction to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or to a fine not exceeding £5,000 or its equivalent or to both.

(5) If an offence under this Order committed by a body corporate is shown—

(a) to have been committed with the consent or connivance of an officer of the body corporate, or

(b) to be attributable to any neglect on the part of an officer of the body corporate,

the officer as well as the body corporate is guilty of the offence and is liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly.

Evidence and information

Power to require information, documents or goods

1. —(1) An authorised officer may request a person in or resident in the Territory, or a relevant person, to provide any information or produce any document or goods in the person’s possession or control which the officer may require for the purpose of—

- (a) securing compliance with, or detecting evasion of, this Order, or
- (b) obtaining evidence of the commission of an offence under this Order.

(2) When exercising the power in sub-paragraph (1), an authorised officer may—

- (a) take copies of or extracts from any document so produced,
- (b) request a person producing a document to give an explanation of it, and
- (c) where that person is a body corporate, request a person who is a present or past officer or employee of the body corporate to give such an explanation.

(3) A person to whom a request is made must comply with it within such time and in such manner as may be specified in the request.

(4) Any power under this Schedule to require information, or produce for inspection a document or goods, includes a power to specify the form in which the information or document should be given, and the period within which the information, document or goods should be provided or produced for inspection.

(5) Nothing in this paragraph is to be taken to require a person who has acted as counsel or solicitor for a person to disclose any privileged information or document in the person’s possession in that capacity.

Search warrants

2.—(1) A justice of the peace may grant a search warrant if satisfied by information on oath that—

- (a) there are reasonable grounds for suspecting that—
 - (i) an offence under this Order has been, is being, or is about to be committed, or
 - (ii) any information, document or goods requested by an authorised officer under paragraph 1 has or have not been provided or produced; and
- (b) evidence in relation to the offence, or the information, document or goods so requested, is or are to be found on a ship, aircraft, vehicle or premises specified in the information.

(2) A search warrant issued under this paragraph is a warrant empowering an authorised officer to enter and search the ship, aircraft, vehicle or premises specified in the information, at any time within one month from the date of the warrant.

(3) An authorised officer who enters and searches a ship, aircraft, vehicle or premises under a warrant issued under this paragraph may—

- (a) take such other persons and such equipment on to the ship, aircraft, vehicle or premises as appear to the officer to be necessary;
- (b) take such steps as appear to the officer to be necessary, including in particular any steps mentioned in sub-paragraph (4);
- (c) inspect and seize anything found in the course of a search if the officer reasonably suspects that—
 - (i) it is evidence in relation to an offence under this Order,
 - (ii) it is information, a document or goods requested (but not provided or produced) under paragraph 1, or

- (iii) it is necessary to seize it in order to prevent it being concealed, lost, damaged, altered or destroyed;
- (d) take copies of any document.
- (4) The steps mentioned in sub-paragraph (3)(b) include—
 - (a) entering any land,
 - (b) using reasonable force, and
 - (c) stopping a ship, aircraft or vehicle for the purposes of entering and searching it.
- (5) An authorised officer who enters a ship, aircraft, vehicle or premises under a warrant issued under this paragraph may—
 - (a) search any person found on the ship, aircraft, vehicle or premises whom the officer has reasonable cause to believe to be in possession of anything which may be required as evidence for the purposes of proceedings in respect of an offence under this Order, and
 - (b) seize anything found in such a search.
- (6) Anything seized under sub-paragraph (3)(c) or (5)(b) may be—
 - (a) retained for so long as is necessary in all the circumstances, and
 - (b) forfeited, disposed of or transferred as appropriate.
- (7) A search of a person under sub-paragraph (5) must be carried out by a person of the same sex.

Suspected ships, aircraft or vehicles

- 3.—(1) Where an authorised officer reasonably suspects that a ship, aircraft or vehicle has been, is being, or is about to be used in the commission of an offence under article 4, the officer may—
- (a) in relation to an aircraft or vehicle, require the relevant person to keep the aircraft or vehicle and any goods it is carrying in the Territory until notified by an authorised officer that it may depart, or
 - (b) in relation to a ship, require the relevant person to take any of the steps mentioned in sub-paragraph (2).
- (2) Those steps are—
- (a) to stop the ship from proceeding with the voyage on which it is engaged or about to engage, until notified by an authorised officer that it may proceed;
 - (b) to not land any part of the ship's cargo at any port specified by the officer, except with the officer's consent;
 - (c) if the ship is in port in the Territory, to cause it to remain there until notified by an authorised officer that it may depart;
 - (d) if the ship is in any other place, to take it to a port specified by the officer and keep it there until notified by an authorised officer that it may depart.
- (3) The authorised officer may take such steps as appear necessary to secure compliance with a requirement under this paragraph, including in particular—
- (a) entering any land,
 - (b) using reasonable force, and
 - (c) detaining the ship, aircraft or vehicle and any goods it is carrying.

Offences

4. It is an offence for a person to—
- (a) without reasonable excuse, refuse or fail within the time and in the manner specified (or, if no time has been specified, within a reasonable time) to comply with any request made under this Schedule,

- (b) knowingly or recklessly give any information, or produce any document, which is false in a material particular in response to such a request,
- (c) destroy, mutilate, deface, conceal or remove any document with intent to evade the provisions of this Schedule, or
- (d) otherwise intentionally obstruct a person in the exercise of that person's powers under this Schedule.

5. Where a person is convicted of an offence under paragraph 4(a), the court may make an order requiring the person, within such period as may be specified in the order, to give the requested information or produce the requested document.

6.—(1) It is an offence for a person to disclose information or a document obtained in accordance with this Order (including a copy or extract made of such a document) except—

- (a) to a person who would have been authorised to request the information or document under this Order;
- (b) to a person holding or acting in any office under or in the service of—
 - (i) the Crown in right of the Government of the United Kingdom,
 - (ii) the Government of the Isle of Man,
 - (iii) the States of Guernsey or Alderney or the Chief Pleas of Sark,
 - (iv) the States of Jersey, or
 - (v) the Government of any British overseas territory;
- (c) for the purpose of giving assistance or cooperation, with the authority of the Governor, to—
 - (i) any organ of the United Nations, or
 - (ii) any person in the service of the United Nations, the Council of the European Union, the European Commission or the government of any State or territory;
- (d) with a view to instituting, or otherwise for the purposes of, any proceedings—
 - (i) in the Territory, for an offence under this Order, or
 - (ii) in the United Kingdom, any of the Channel Islands, the Isle of Man or any British overseas territory (other than the Territory), for an offence under a similar provision in any such jurisdiction;
- (e) to the Financial Conduct Authority of the United Kingdom or to the relevant authority with responsibility in any other State or territory for regulating and supervising financial services business; or
- (f) to any third party, with the consent of a person who, in the person's own right, is entitled to the information or to possession of the document, copy or extract.

(2) In sub-paragraph (1)(f) "in the person's own right" means not merely in the person's capacity as a servant or agent of another person.

Exercise of powers: general

7.—(1) Any power exercisable by an authorised officer under this Schedule may be exercised by a person acting under the officer's authority.

(2) An authorised officer, or a person acting under the officer's authority, must, if requested to do so, produce evidence of his or her authority before exercising any power conferred by this Schedule.

- (3) An authorised officer may exercise any power under paragraph 2 or 3 in relation to—
 - (a) a ship within the seaward limits of the territorial sea of the Territory,
 - (b) a ship registered in the Territory while it is on the high seas, or
 - (c) an aircraft or vehicle in the Territory.

(4) But such a power may not be exercised in relation to a ship falling within sub-paragraph (5) unless—

- (a) in the case of a ship falling only within sub-paragraph (5)(a), the Territory is entitled under international law to exercise the power without the consent of the flag state, or
- (b) in any other case, the Governor, with the consent of the Secretary of State, has authorised the exercise of the power.

(5) A ship falls within this sub-paragraph if it is—

- (a) a ship flying the flag of, or registered in, a State or territory other than the Territory,
- (b) a warship that belongs to a government of a State or territory other than the Territory, or
- (c) any other ship that is being used by such a government only for non-commercial purposes.

(6) The Governor may authorise the exercise of a power under sub-paragraph (4)(b) only if the flag state has consented to the Territory exercising the power (whether generally or in relation to the ship in question).

(7) In giving such authority, the Governor must impose such conditions or limitations on the exercise of the power as are necessary to give effect to any conditions or limitations imposed by the flag state.

(8) Anything done in accordance with this Schedule is not to be treated as a breach of any restriction imposed by statute or otherwise.

(9) This Schedule is without prejudice to any other provision of law conferring powers, imposing restrictions or enabling restrictions to be imposed in respect of ships, aircraft or vehicles.

Interpretation

8. In this Schedule—

“authorised officer” means—

- (a) a commissioned officer of the armed forces of the Territory,
- (b) a police or customs officer of the Territory, or
- (c) a person authorised by the Governor for the purposes of this Schedule, whether generally or in a particular case;

“high seas” means seas that are not within the seaward limits of—

- (d) the territorial sea of the Territory, or
- (e) the territorial sea adjacent to a State or territory outside the Territory;

“relevant person” has the meaning given in article 4(4) and (5).

“justice of the peace” includes other competent judicial authorities within the Territory responsible for granting search warrants.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This note is not part of the Order)

This Order gives effect in specified Overseas Territories to sanctions imposed on Liberia by the United Nations Security Council, most recently renewed by resolution 2237 (2015) of 2nd September 2015. This Order also reflects the implementation of these sanctions by the European Union in Council Decision (CFSP) 2015/1782 and Council Regulation (EU) 2015/1776, both adopted on 5th October 2015. Council Regulation (EU) 2015/1776 repealed Council Regulation (EC) No. 872/2004 of 29th April 2004. Council Decision (CFSP) 2015/1782 amended Council Common Position 2008/109/CFSP of 12th February 2008.

This Order revokes and replaces the Liberia (Restrictive Measures) (Overseas Territories) (Amendment) Order 2012, the Liberia (Restrictive Measures) (Overseas Territories) (Amendment No. 2) Order 2007, the Liberia (Restrictive Measures) (Overseas Territories) (Amendment) Order 2007, the Liberia (Restrictive Measures) (Overseas Territories) (Amendment) Order 2004 and the Liberia (Restrictive Measures) (Overseas Territories) Order 2004.

United Nations Security Council resolution 2237 (2015) of 2nd September 2015 renewed the arms embargo against non-governmental persons in Liberia for a further period of nine months from the date of adoption of that resolution and terminated the travel and financial measures set forth in United Nations Security Council resolutions 1532 (2004) of 12th March 2004 and 1521 (2003) of 22nd December 2003.

The Order makes provision for the Governor to license certain activities in line with exemptions under the sanctions regime.

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