



Independent auditors' report

To the shareholder of RBC Royal Bank (Bahamas) Limited

Our opinion

In our opinion, the financial information of RBC Royal Bank (Bahamas) Limited – Turks & Caicos Branch (the Bank) as at October 31, 2019, is prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the basis of preparation as set out in Note 1 to the financial information.

What we have audited

The Bank's financial information comprises:

- the statement of financial position as at October 31, 2019; and
- the statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial information* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Bank in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code). We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code.

Emphasis of Matter – Basis of preparation and restriction on use

We draw attention to Note 1 to the financial information, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial information is prepared to comply with the requirements of the Bank's regulator. As a result, the financial information may not be suitable for another purpose.

Our report is intended solely for the Bank and the Regulator and should not be used by parties other than the Bank. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

The financial information does not comprise a full set of financial statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.



Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial information

Management is responsible for the preparation of this financial information in accordance with the basis of preparation as set out in Note 1 to the financial information, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial information that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial information, management is responsible for assessing the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Bank or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

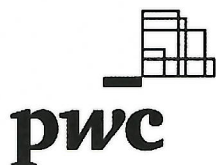
Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Bank's financial reporting process.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial information

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial information as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial information.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial information, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bank's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial information or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Bank to cease to continue as a going concern.



We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Other Matters

The Bank has prepared a separate set of financial statements for the year ended October 31, 2019 in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, on which we issued a separate auditors' report to the shareholder of the Bank dated January 29, 2020.

This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the shareholder, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Chartered Accountants
Nassau, Bahamas

January 29, 2020

RBC Royal Bank (Bahamas) Limited – Turks & Caicos Branch

Statement of Financial Position

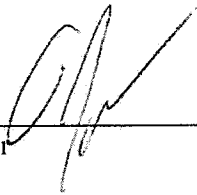
As at October 31, 2019

Expressed in United States Dollars

	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	80,131,328	82,256,180
Loans and advances to customers	142,378,192	125,356,942
Premises and equipment	371,736	363,367
Other assets	1,385,858	2,057,451
Total Assets	224,267,114	210,033,940
Liabilities		
Customer deposits	110,195,149	100,830,080
Due to affiliated companies	80,428,502	80,553,388
Other liabilities	1,142,733	1,011,905
Total Liabilities	191,766,384	182,395,373
Equity		
Assigned capital	15,000,000	15,000,000
Reserve	3,749,149	2,599,202
Retained earnings	13,751,581	10,039,365
Total Equity	32,500,730	27,638,567
Total Liabilities and Equity	224,267,114	210,033,940

The Board of Directors of RBC Royal Bank (Bahamas) Limited authorized these financial statements for issue.

Director



Director



January 16, 2020

Date

RBC Royal Bank (Bahamas) Limited – Turks & Caicos Branch

Statement of Comprehensive Income For the Year Ended October 31, 2019 Expressed in United States Dollars

	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Income		
Interest income	9,307,655	8,224,134
Interest expense	<u>(2,307,453)</u>	<u>(1,829,804)</u>
Net Interest Income	7,000,202	6,394,330
Non-interest income	<u>1,093,619</u>	<u>1,017,789</u>
Total Income	8,093,821	7,412,119
Non-interest expenses	(2,416,182)	(2,144,187)
Provision for credit losses	<u>(815,476)</u>	<u>(668,144)</u>
Net Income and Total Comprehensive Income	<u>4,862,163</u>	<u>4,599,788</u>

Note to Financial Information

1. Basis of preparation

The accompanying financial information is an extract from the financial statements of RBC Royal Bank (Bahamas) Limited – Turks & Caicos Branch as at October 31, 2019 and for the year then ended, which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and is used to submit to the Turks & Caicos Islands Financial Services Commission.